CINF







# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/826,632	04/05/2001	Noriyoshi Satoh	32184US1	4480	
116 7	590 06/13/2002				
PEARNE & GORDON LLP			EXAMINER		
SUITE 1200	R AVENUE EAST		LE, DA	LE, DANG D	
CLEVELAND	OH 44114-1484		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2834		
			DATE MAILED: 06/13/2002	DATE MAILED: 06/13/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/826,632	SATOH ET AL.	111/
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Dang D Le	2834	
	NG DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress
Period for Reply	TATUTORY PERIOD FOR PERI	VIO OET TO EVOIDE A MONTH!	0) 50014	
THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time ma after SIX (6) MONTHS  - If the period for reply s  - If NO period for reply if  - Failure to reply within  - Any reply received by	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  y be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15  from the mailing date of this communication.  specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl  s specified above, the maximum statutory period  the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the Office later than three months after the mailing justment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsiv	e to communication(s) filed on			
2a)☐ This action	n is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.		
	application is in condition for allowance with the practice under			e merits is
Disposition of Claim		Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	55 O.G. 215.	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3,</u>	<u>5-8,10,11,13 and 14</u> is/are pending	g in the application.		
4a) Of the a	bove claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3,</u>	<u>5-8,10,11,13 and 14</u> is/are rejected			
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and/c	or election requirement.		
Application Papers				
•	ation is objected to by the Examine			
-	(s) filed on <u>04 June 2001</u> is/are: a)	•		
• •	nay not request that any objection to th	• • •	• •	
	d drawing correction filed on		oved by the Examine	∍r.
• •	, corrected drawings are required in re	•		
•	declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S				
· .	gment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).	
<u> </u>	Some * c) None of:			
	ied copies of the priority document			_
	ied copies of the priority document	• •		
a	es of the certified copies of the prio pplication from the International Bu hed detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		Stage
	nent is made of a claim for domest	•		application).
	nslation of the foreign language pro			. ,
·	ment is made of a claim for domest	• •		
Attachment(s)				
	s Cited (PTO-892) on's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) re Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of Informal I	/ (PTO-413) Paper No( Patent Application (PTC	

Art Unit: 2834

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

1. Figure 6 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

# Specification

- 2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
  - In the Specification, page 12, line 6, replace "Figs. 2A, 2B and 2C show" with
     Figure 2 shows --.
  - In the Preliminary Amendment, page 1, last line, insert Patent Number 6,274,955 -- after "1999". Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 3, 5-8, 10, 11, 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 3, 5-8, 10, 11, 13 and 14, it is indefinite because it is not clear how the claimed apparatus can "hold a vibration motor" when the apparatus is the vibration motor itself.

Application/Control Number: 09/826,632 Page 3

Art Unit: 2834

In addition, there is insufficient antecedent basis for the following limitations in the claims. Claim 6 recites the limitation "the height direction" in last line. Claim 7 recites the limitation "the outside of the base" in lines 2-3.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 3, 5-8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fujiwara.

Regarding claim 3, Fujiwara shows an apparatus (Figure 3) for holding a vibration motor (intended used) comprising:

- A rotating body (13, 15, 17) having:
- A base (10) having a front surface (left);
- A rotary member (17) provided on the front surface of the base; and
- A cover (1) having an electromagnetically shielding property (metallic, column 2, lines 24-26) and covering the rotary member (17);
- A board (2) on which the rotating body is mounted; and
- A shield member (9) covering at least a part of the board (Figure 3, portion holding brushes 12), wherein the rotating body (17) is disposed inside the shield member.

Art Unit: 2834

Regarding claim 5, it is noted that Fujiwara also shows a hole (for shaft 15) being defined in the cover to connect spaces of inside and outside of the cover to each other.

Regarding claim 6, it is noted that Fujiwara also shows the cover (1) perfectly contacting to the front surface of the base (near 8) to perform positioning of the cover in the height direction.

Regarding claim 7, it is noted that Fujiwara also shows a fillet (circumferential surface of the bell) formed on the outside of the base being used for positioning the vibration motor.

Regarding claim 8, it is noted that Fujiwara also shows the cover being electrically connected to the board (at 7).

Regarding claim 11, it is noted that Fujiwara also shows the cover having a flat surface (near 14) for an air-sucking.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujiwara in view of Odagiri et al.

Art Unit: 2834

Regarding claim 10, Fujiwara shows all of the limitations of the claimed invention except for a portable electronic equipment comprising an apparatus for holding a vibration motor. Fujiwara just shows the motor.

Odagiri et al. show a portable electronic equipment (Figures 1A and 1B) comprising an apparatus for holding a vibration motor (3) for the purpose of making a cell phone.

Since Fujiwara and Odagiri et al. are all from the same field of endeavor; the purpose disclosed by one inventor would have been recognized in the pertinent art of the others.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to make a portable electronic equipment with an apparatus for holding a vibration motor as taught by Odagiri et al. for the purpose discussed above.

9. Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujiwara in view of Kadokura.

Regarding claim 13, Fujiwara shows all of the limitations of the claimed invention except for the cover being made of resin; the cover being coated with non-electrolytic copper; and the cover coated with non-electrolytic copper being coated with non-electrolytic nickel.

Kadokura shows the cover being made of resin (column 5, line 41); the cover being coated with non-electrolytic copper (column 22, line 22); and the cover coated

Art Unit: 2834

with non-electrolytic copper being coated with non-electrolytic nickel (column 22, line 18) for the purpose of shielding.

Since Fujiwara and Kadokura are all from the same field of endeavor; the purpose disclosed by one inventor would have been recognized in the pertinent art of the others.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to make the cover of resin; to coat the cover with non-electrolytic copper; and to coat the cover coated with non-electrolytic copper with non-electrolytic nickel as taught by Kadokura for the purpose discussed above.

Regarding claim 14, it is noted that Kadokura also shows the resin being selected from the group consisting of acrylonitrile, butadiene and styrene (column 5, lines 39-60).

### Information on How to Contact USPTO

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dang D Le whose telephone number is (703) 305-0156. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on (703) 308-1371. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7382 for regular communications and (703) 308-7382 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 2834

Page 7

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

DDL June 11, 2002

1